

ATLANTIS

Style Guide

DESIGN PHILOSOPHY

EXPLORERS

WWTI ERA

ANGULAR / SHARP BODIED
INDUSTRIAL
TECHNOLOGY RELIANT



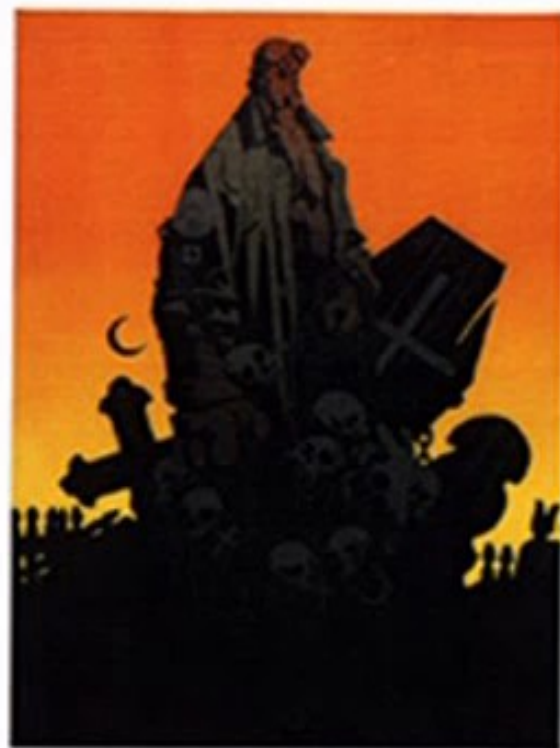
ATLANTEANS

PRIMITIVE
ORGANIC / ERODED
STONE AGED
MAGIC RELIANT

EXPLORERS INVADE ATLANTEANS



Influences

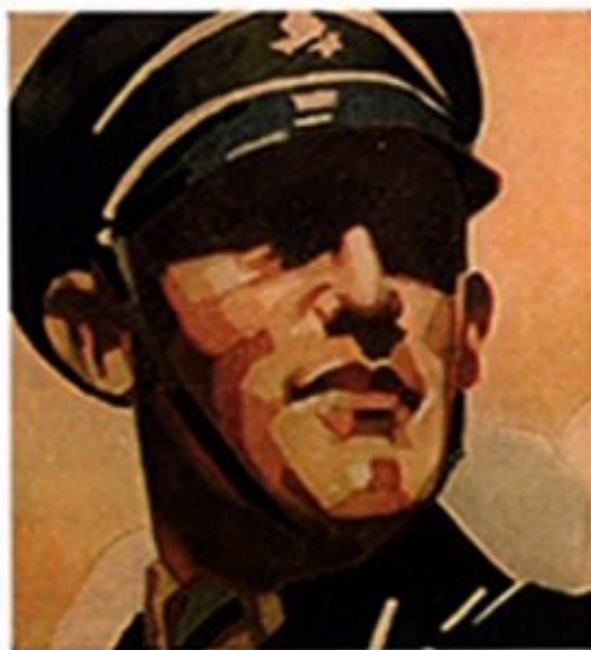


MIKE MIGNOLA
COMIC BOOK ARTIST

POSTERIZATION

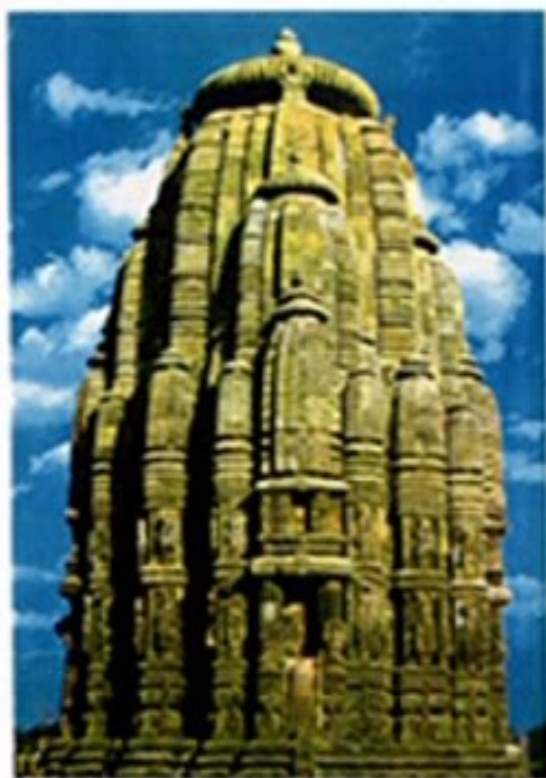
VALUES ARE SIMPLIFIED
AND SEPARATED INTO
HARD-EDGED SHAPES.

THE FORM IS TURNED BY
STEPPING VALUE SHAPES,
DARK TO LIGHT, WITHOUT
BLENDING.



THE SIMPLIFICATION OF
AN IMAGE INTO A
LIMITED NUMBER OF
FLAT COLOR AREAS.

ARCHITECTURE



ATLANTEAN ARCHITECTURE IS BASED ON
ASIAN ARCHITECTURAL VOCABULARY.

NO GREEK OR ROMAN
ARCHITECTURE!



ARCHITECTURE



EXAMPLES OF
ATLANTEAN ARCHITECTURE
BY MIKE MIGNOLA

ADAPTING MIGNOLA



KEEP SHAPES SIMPLE
AND EASY TO READ



DESIGN THE DARKS

- TO SUPPORT THE STORY
- TO BE READABLE
- TO BALANCE WITH THE LIGHTS



NO



YES

USE MIGNOLA-ESQUE
STYLIZATION WHEN
POSSIBLE.

ARCHITECTURE



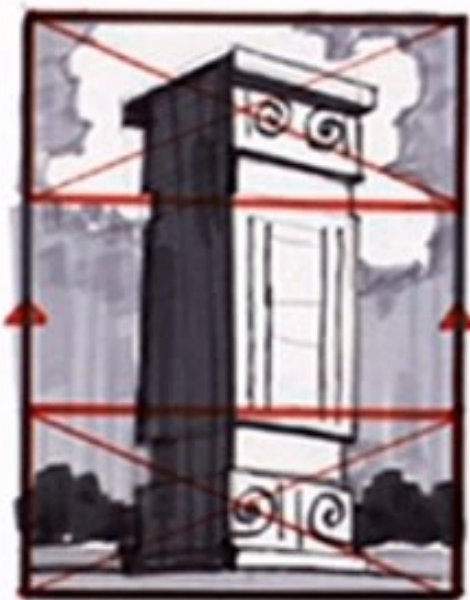
ATLANTIS IS A CULTURE IN DECLINE. INCLUDE OVERGROWN FALLEN MASONRY AND SCULPTURE, LEANING BUILDINGS & WEATHERED EDGES.

ARCHITECTURE



MAKE THE SCULPTURE
THAT LITTERS THE
ATLANTEAN LANDSCAPE
HUGE FOR INTEREST AND
IMPACT. BREAK IT INTO
PIECES, PUT IT ON AN
ANGLE AND GROW PLANTS
ON IT TO MAKE IT LOOK
ANCIENT.

Composition



USE A VERTICAL PAN

BECAUSE OF THE EMPHASIS ON HORIZONTALITY, VERTICAL SHOTS ARE HARDER TO STAGE IN C-SCOPE. HERE ARE SOME ALTERNATIVES:



BACK OFF TO A LONG SHOT



USE A LOW CAMERA ANGLE

MIGNOLA STYLE

ATLANTIS CHARACTERS HAVE BEEN
INSPIRED BY THE WORK OF
COMIC BOOK ARTIST MIKE
MIGNOLA, CREATOR OF
HELLBOY. COPIES OF HELLBOY
COMICS ARE AVAILABLE
FROM THE ATLANTIS
LIBRARY.

HERE ARE SOME
ELEMENTS OF
MIGNOLA'S STYLE
WILL BE INCORPOR-
ATED INTO ATLANTIS



① ANGULARITY

THERE ARE VERY
FEW TRUE CURVES
IN ATLANTIS CHAR-
ACTER DESIGNS.
CURVES HAVE BEEN
BROKEN INTO PLANKS.



② BITE THE BULLET

MIGNOLA'S CHARACTERS ARE OFTEN BASED ON A 'BULLET' SHAPE. SOME ATLANTIS CHARACTERS SHARE THIS TRAIT.



IN GENERAL, ATLANTIS DOES NOT USE X-SHAPED CHARACTERS

'BULLET' CHARACTERS OFTEN HAVE SLOPING SHOULDERS WITH A LOW INSERTION POINT FOR THE ARMS.

BULKY TORSOS, WITH SKINNY ARMS & BANDY-LEGS ARE ALSO A MIGNOLA STYLIZATION.





③ SIMPLE, BLOCKY DRAPERY

PART OF THE ANGULARITY THING -
NOTE HOW BREAKS IN SLEEVES
& TROUSER LEGS HAVE BEEN BOILED
DOWN TO SIMPLE > SHAPES.

TREATMENT OF DRAPERY AT ELBOWS
& KNEES HAS A BLOCKY ANGULAR
SILHOUETTE, FEW IF ANY INTERIOR
FOLD LINES.



EACH CHARACTER HAS ITS OWN UNIQUE SHAPE AND PROPORTIONS, THAT HAVE BEEN PUSHED TO HELP DISTINGUISH IT FROM OTHER CHARACTERS. MAINTAINING THE PUSHED PROPORTIONS WILL HELP THE CHARACTERS REMAIN ON THE STYLE AND INDIVIDUALLY IDENTIFIABLE.

ATLANTIS CHARACTER DESIGN AIMS FOR GRAPHIC SIMPLICITY



SILHOUETTES HAVE BEEN BOILED DOWN TO SIMPLE SHAPES, ACCENTED BY A FEW DETAILS. NON-ESSENTIAL DETAILS HAVE BEEN ELIMINATED.

REST AREAS ARE BALANCED BY DETAILS



NECK/SHOULDER/ARM BECOME ONE SIMPLE DESIGN SHAPE.

NOTE RELATIVELY FEW INTERIOR DETAILS.

HERE ARE SOME DRAWINGS FROM SLEEPING BEAUTY, WHICH ALSO USED A GRAPHICALLY SIMPLE APPROACH TO CHARACTER DESIGN.



COMPLEXITY OF THE HAIR & SHANE HAS BEEN CONTAINED WITHIN SIMPLE DESIGN SHAPES.





HAND STYLIZATION

FINGERS LOOK LIKE BENT STRIPS
OF PAPER FROM SOME ANGLES

ANGULAR, WITH SHARPLY
SQUARED OFF FINGERTIPS.

TRIANGULAR FINGERNAILS

HANDS



Hands, Fingers
and Knuckles
are squared off



Little limbs sticking out of
oversized sleeves and gloves



note how
hands are
broken down
into simple
graphic shapes

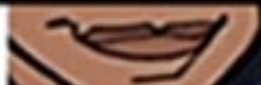


arches &
squares

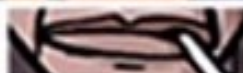


MOUTHS

Mouths are wide and rectangular.



Lips are blocky.



Sometimes with...or without lips

Betty Davis lipstick



Underbites are popular!

Sometimes jaws are simplified to our rectangle shape - just a clean graphic.

Repetition of equally weighted teeth fill the mouth.



Eyes



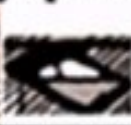
Eyes tend to be the focal point of Mignola's character designs...accented by placing them in high contrast shadows or turning glasses into headlights.



NOSES

Like everything else are simplified and squared off.

Draw eyes realistically then simplify to clean sharp graphics.



note graphic handling of wrinkles



TONES

HIGH CONTRAST LIGHTING

NOTE: SPOTLIGHTS ARE NOT CIRCULAR
USE RECTANGLES





Mignola

Breakdown

ATLANTIS DESIGN THEORY

VERY BASIC CIRCLE, SQUARE, TRIANGLE THEORY

EXPLORERS



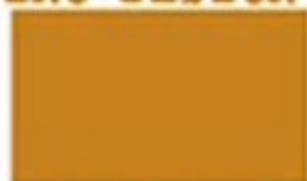
AGGRESSIVE
INDUSTRIAL
ANGULAR

ATLANTIANS



PASSIVE
ORGANIC
WEATHERED

UNIFYING DESIGN SHAPE



SOLID, STURDY
"LIKE A TREE TRUNK"



weighted to the earth



This design style depends heavily on staging for story. Choosing shapes, shape handling, line, line handling theatrical lighting and color is all decided by what you are accenting in the story in that scene.

KNOW YOUR STORY!

When given an environment to design, find out what its story needs are. Not just who will walk where, but what is the mood, the personality of the environment. What can we add to the story telling with our graphics that will not be told with the action or dialogue.

Ask your PA to see the boards.

Borrow a copy of the flip book to refer to as you design.

If only script pages exist or even just a concept, still research its story needs and design for story potential. Here's your chance to impact story!

RESEARCH !

HIGH CONTRAST



BIG V/S SMALL
SHAPES

LIGHT
V/S
DARK
TONES



DETAIL
V/S
EMPTY
SPACE



INDUSTRIAL

AGGRESSIVE V/S PASSIVE



ORGANIC

V/S



LAYOUT:

Perspective is flat, distorted as if looking through a wide angle lens.

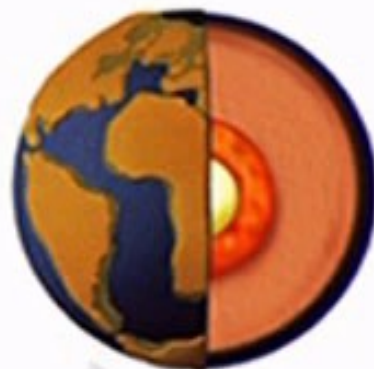
See "Mulan" for reference on how this simple perspective works in cinematography





THINGS HIDDEN INSIDE OTHER THINGS

(LIKE NESTING DOLLS)





THE THUNDERBOLT

(STILL BASICLY A BUNCH OF
RECTANGLES
STRUNG TOGETHER)



The Thunderbolt



Reference:
Jack Kirby art
(Mignola's main
influence for this
style handling)

Use the Thunderbolt
to add depth in BGs
and render round
shapes without using
soft shading or
blended gradations.



Note how the thunderbolt
can be designed to flow
graphically through the
environment.

The same thunderbolt flows
across the sky, over the roof
into the foliage and shadows.



EXPLORERS



ATLANTEANS





DESIGNING FOR STORY

Avoiding random stuff

To help focus graphic designs to accent story, avoid random clutter. Not all clutter is random and meaningless. To discern what to keep and what to throw out...think "What will add visual information to the story point of this scene?" "Where are we in time as well as location?" "What personalities should be reflected in this environment?" "Do these objects help the Theatrical Layout of this scene?"

KEY: Regard each layout as a living, breathing personality with an objective - purpose. (ie: Milo's basement isn't just a cluttered cellar. It's an oppressive dungeon with a growing beast straining to escape out of its chains (boiler). Milo has made his peaceful bitch dog dreaming. But is called upon to battle the beast - keep it restrained (see the clutter in this cellar with purpose. Use it to focus on the personality of the environment...the personality of the story action.

DESIGNING PROPS FOR STORY:

(Examples from The Ship's Map Room)

Choose proper presentation.

Great idea to have a collection of newspaper articles that give clues to Atlantis' location. But chances are no one will be able to read the headlines while action is running. Visually the scattered papers will read as the morning paper some sloth left lying around. If we add a newspaper rack in the shot, it will give the papers a premeditated purpose. Without reading headlines, we will know these papers are part of the research library.



Choose props that offer story business.



Pictures of boats are a nice nautical touch. But do they help with our story telling? Nice wall decor, but what can our actors do with them? How about replacing pictures with functional objects such as a sub communications system? People can be called to conference...directions can be sent to engine room. Think Business.



Replace random props with objects to help create visual interest.



Models are great for actors to play with. Careful not to dominate the scene with them. Watch out for springing!



Subtleties in graphic designs can speak volumes about personalities, locations, time periods, functions.

tweak generic decor to a custom made job.



use this symbol
as a theme.

generic Craftsman
furniture of the
era...or
expensive designer
Craftsman furniture
of the era.

We are dealing with
a rich aesthetic.



If we hit high end, the look and feel will be going sailing. Best to tweak furniture to accommodate surroundings.



Customize
workspace
for sea voyage.



trap slides up and down
to seal and protect
objects stored inside.

Convert a drink stand
into a fancy pencil holder.
Keep ink wells, compasses
rulers and pens from flying
across the room in a storm.

bits to fix.

a leather strap snaps across
books to keep them safe.

(Cross strap is also excellent evidence



a high rim
and strap
secure books
on shelf

sunken tops

THEATRICAL LIGHTING

Use styled lighting to spotlight the story point/action of the scene. The point of highest contrast is where the main story thing happens.



With this lighting and layout it looks like the main action will happen at the lonely coat rack, then move to the end chair.

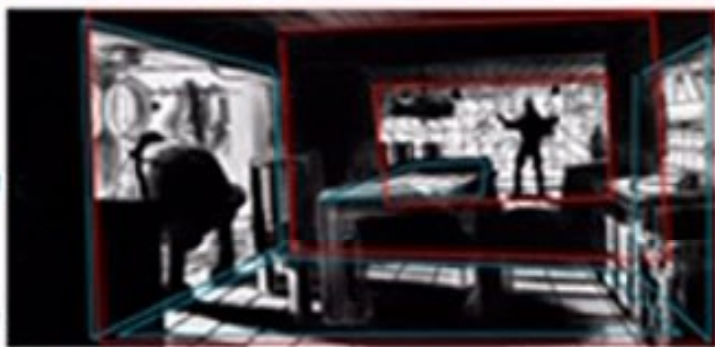
If the story focus is here we map our journey...



Let's put the globe in the spotlight and punch up the contrast accentuating our guy at the map. Use the light to hit objects that will pull us through a flowing graphic narrative.

The Square
is our
Layout
Theme shape

Use it to
set up eye
direction,
graphic flow,
camera move



LIGHTING QUESTION :

HOW ARE WE HANDLING THE LIGHT STYLING ?

SHOULD WE DESIGN A MORE THEATRICAL
LIGHTING DESIGN ... TO PUSH THE
ACTION / ADVENTURE GRAPHIC NOVEL LOOK ?

THE STATEMENT HERE IS THIS IS A
BEAUTIFUL ENVIRONMENT.

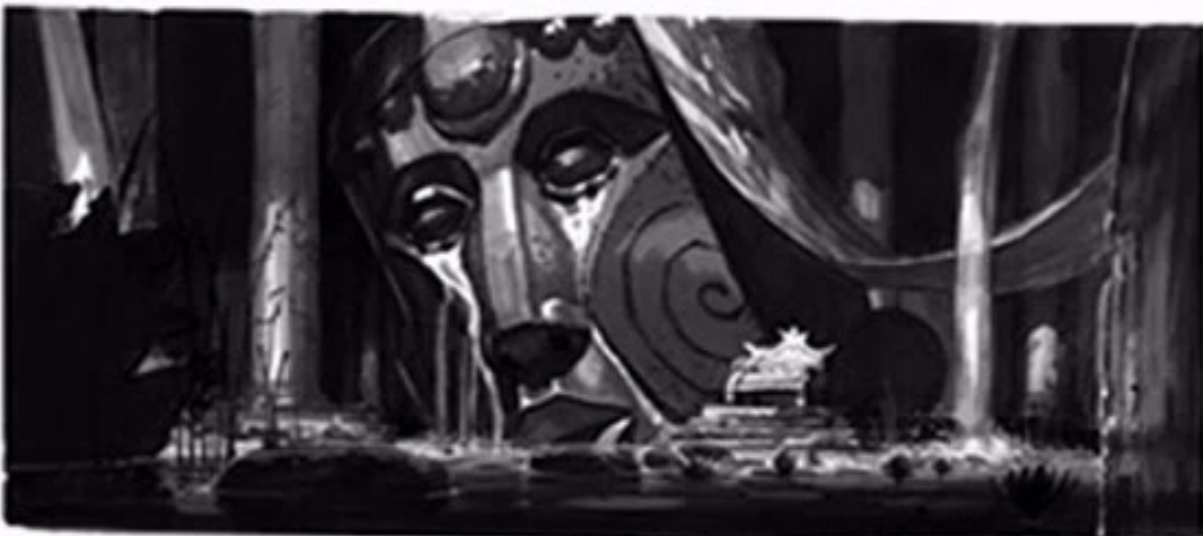
THE POINT OF HIGHEST CONTRAST IS
THE HEAD'S RIGHT EYE.
SECOND ARE THE WATERFALLS IN THIS
SWAMP ENVIRONMENT.
THE LAST THING I NOTICE IS THE CHAIR.

WITH THIS EQUALLY WEIGHTED LIGHTING
I SEE THIS AS A BEAUTIFUL, SERENE
WATER GARDEN THAT SOMEONE THOUGHT
WOULD BE A NICE PLACE TO SIT A PARK
BENCH IN FOR MEDITATION.

THE STATEMENT HERE IS THIS IS A THRONE
ROOM.

THE POINT OF HIGHEST CONTRAST IS THE
THRONE. THE HEAD IS NOW DROPPED
SECOND IN LINE WITH THE WATERFALLS.
ALL OTHER OBJECTS ARE DROPPED INTO
OBSCURITY.

PUSHED THEATRICAL STAGE LIGHTING
IS USED TO GRAPHICALLY FOCUS EYE
DIRECTION TO THE STORY STATEMENT
RATHER THAN THE ENVIRONMENT STATEMENT.



TONE SPECIFICS:



Same rule of detailing used in layout lighting is used on specific objects.

Note how the choice of where to detail the tree bark adds a tone without literally adding a new tone.

Also note the subtle gradation of color that directs the eye and suggests lighting.

Note too how clever use of flat color to play off of flat color can suggest lighting and add more depth.

Direction of detailing can suggest richer form and demension of objects as well as help direct the eye towards the story.



THINK STORY

Always light theatrically.

Notice how high contrast focuses our attention to her telling eyes.

Besides the flat color and the obvious dark tone, there is a middle tone gradating into the flat color to add form. Note too, that gradation is still graphic and not realistic shading. Designed for story.



Don't be afraid to drop features away into tones.

Use tones for story. If our character's mood demands features be dropped to highlight an attitude... then drop away!



TONE TYPES:



1.

Limit palette to 3 tones
Light, Dark, maybe a medium

Use detailing for tone.
Note how the bricks are
suggesting a shadowing
without using a gradation
or a middle tone.

2.

For more depth
Add to detailing
a subtle middle
tone or slight
gradation.
Always play
light against
dark.



3.

Design tone shapes using the Thunderbolt.

Use Theatrical
lighting
not realistic
lighting

Keep things
simple.

Design light
to tell story.

4.





TONES IN LAYOUT

Notice how the center of attention has the most detail and color. As we drop away from the action, we lose detail. Color becomes more monochromatic and objects are reduced to simple shapes of tone.

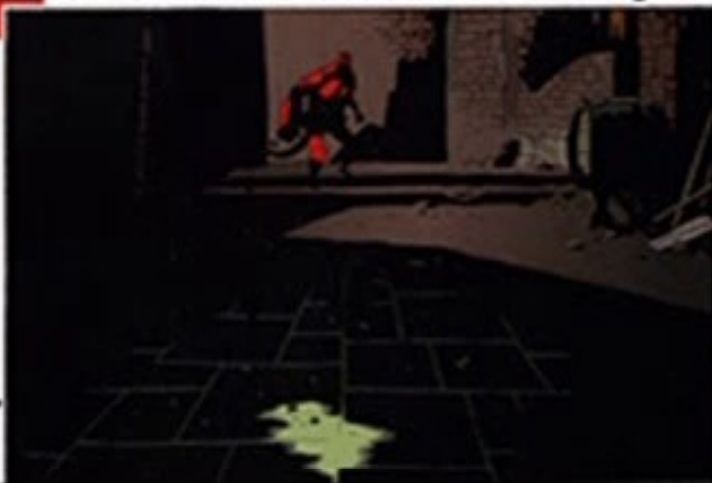
The action is always spotlighted theatrically.

What is important is always placed in high contrast.

Characters are always staged in the least detailed area putting them in a spotlight.

Detail and tone are used to frame them - direct the eye towards their action / story.

The opposite happens here. The action spot is the simple area. More detail is added as we drop away.



Note how, despite the lack of detail on the floor, we still see our perspective by the placement and shape design of our light.

**Keep detail
SIMPLE !**